

A potential good practice is that Romania considers setting-up an energy efficiency investment fund (FIEE) financed by private, public and EU funds, and the intention to use ETS auction revenues and new EU ETS support mechanisms to co-finance decarbonisation technologies and processes as well as

Romania needs more renewable power and big energy savings to reduce fossil fuel use. Energy-efficient buildings, better transport systems and consistent price signals for abatement are also needed. Efficient and fair policies can limit costs from the net-zero transition, shield affected communities from hardship, and prepare people for changing ...

The Ministry of Economy, Entrepreneurship and Tourism recently launched a Modernization Fund program which will provide funding for improvements in energy efficiency, modernization of energy systems, and the transition to coal-dependent regions. Romanian authorities have allocated a budget of EUR457.7 mil.

Environmental information systems. European Environment Agency website. WISE marine - Marine information system for Europe. ... Energy support measures and their impact on innovation in the renewable energy sector in Europe; Romania - country profile. Romania - country profile. File. Share. Romania_FINAL.pdf. About us. FAQs Careers. Contact us ...

Romania has committed in its LTS (Romania's Long-Term Strategy for Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions - Neutral Romania in 2050) to an installed wind and solar energy capacity of about 24 GW by 2035, indicating a 5-fold increase compared to the installed wind and solar energy capacities by 2021 (3 GW wind energy and 1.4 GW solar energy ...

Major energy efficiency improvement measures include use of more efficient lighting and electric appliances, retrofitting buildings with wall, window, and roof insulation; heating system improvement in residential, commercial, and public buildings; and use of efficient electric motor and thermal energy equipment in the industry sector.

Energy system of Romania By 2020, the objective of Romania is to guarantee the efficient operation of its energy system under security conditions. Romania also plans to meet the obligations set by EU in terms of greenhouse gas emissions through its legislative package "Climate changes - renewable energies".

In 2011, Romania developed its second National Energy Efficiency Action Plan, according to the provisions of the Directive 2006/32/EC. Romania has committed itself to diminishing final energy consumption by 2.8 Mtoe until 2016, which

to promote the exemplary role of public buildings and energy-efficient public procurement, measures to

promote energy audits and energy management systems, consumer information and training measures, and other measures to promote energy efficiency)..... 137

Energy efficiency trends and policies Overview In 2018, the final energy consumption in Romania was 23.6 Mtoe, approximatively the same as in 2000 (23.56 Mtoe). Residential sector recorded 9 percentage points decrease in its share of total final energy ...

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